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1. (Currently amended) An apparatus for conditioning a moving porous paper web on a papermaking machine wherein the web has first and second surfaces and a high temperature gaseous boundary layer adjacent at least the second surface and high temperature gas and/or vapor in pores of the web in flow communication with the first and/or second surfaces of the web, the apparatus comprising:

means for conveying the web adjacent a support having a moving support surface with the first surface of the web supported adjacent the support surface and the second surface of the web facing away from the support surface;

means for stripping away at least a portion of the boundary layer from adjacent the second surface of the web ~~prior to applying the flow of cooling gas there against;~~

means for applying a flow of cooling gas against the second surface of the web in order to cause a gas pressure to be exerted against the second surface;

vacuum means associated with the support surface for exerting a vacuum force upon the first surface of the web supported adjacent the support surface wherein the vacuum force is sufficient to withdraw high temperature gas and/or vapor from at least pores adjacent the first surface of the web into a vacuum chamber included in the vacuum means and wherein the vacuum force is exerted adjacent a location on said first surface functionally adjacent opposite the location at which the gas pressure is exerted against said second surface in order to promote a flow of gas and/or vapor through the web from adjacent the second surface toward the first surface; and

means for moistening the web adjacent to the moving support wherein the moistening means comprises a plurality of steam nozzles adjacent to the second surface of the web which

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results in steam condensation on the second surface of the web and within an interior region of the web.

2. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the moving support comprises a rotating cylinder having a cylindrical perforated surface defining the support surface thereof providing flow communication between the exterior of the cylinder and the interior of the cylinder by flow of gas through the perforations, with the perforated cylindrical surface supporting the first surface of the web adjacent at least a portion of the perforated surface, said vacuum means being disposed within said rotating cylinder closely adjacent the portion of the perforated surface adjacent which the first surface of the web is supported so that high temperature gas and/or vapor withdrawn from the web by the vacuum force may flow through perforations in the perforated surface and into the vacuum chamber.

3. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the means for conveying comprises one or more elements associated with a dryer unit of the papermaking machine upstream of the support and one or more elements associated with a calendar unit of the papermaking machine downstream of the support.

4. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the means for conveying comprises one or more elements associated with a dryer unit of the papermaking machine upstream of the support and one or more elements of a web wind-up unit downstream of the support.

5. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 further comprising means for cooling the support surface.

6. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 2 wherein the moving support further includes an endless porous fabric carried, at least in part, on the support surface functionally intermediate the

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support surface and the first surface of the web so that gas and/or vapor withdrawn from the web may flow through the porous fabric and then into the perforations in the cylinder.

7. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the stripping means comprises means for applying a pressurized gas directed substantially tangential to the second surface of the web and substantially opposite to the travel direction of the web.

8. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 further comprising means for applying a flow of a second cooling gas directed substantially tangential to and in close proximity to the second surface of the web and along the web direction for travel adjacent to and downstream of the moving support so that at least a portion of the second cooling gas develops a boundary layer of cool gas carried adjacent the second surface of the web.

9. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 further comprising moistening means for applying moisture to the web adjacent to and downstream of the moving support to increase the moisture content of the web.

10. (Currently amended) The apparatus of Claim 9 wherein the moistening means comprises a plurality of steam nozzles supported in close proximity to the second surface of the web and connected in flow communication with a source of steam for delivering steam against the second surface of the web ~~through the nozzles so as to cause~~ causes the steam to condense on the second surface of the web and be absorbed by within an interior region of the web.

11. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the means for applying a flow of cooling gas and the vacuum means in conjunction with the web's porosity are sufficient to cause a flow of gas completely through the web from adjacent the second surface to adjacent the first surface.

12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the means for applying a flow of cooling

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gas comprises at least one nozzle positioned so as to apply the cooling gas against the web in a direction substantially normal to the second surface of the web.

13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the means for applying a flow of cooling gas comprises a plenum having an opening located adjacent the second surface of the web so that cooling gas flows out of the opening toward and against the second surface of the web.

14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein the means for stripping comprises an air foil supported functionally adjacent the second surface.

15-26. (Canceled)

27. (Currently amended) An apparatus for conditioning a moving porous paper web on a papermaking machine in a direction of travel wherein the web has first and second surfaces and a high temperature gaseous boundary layer adjacent at least the second surface and high temperature gas and/or vapor in pores of the web in flow communication with the first and/or second surfaces of the web, the apparatus comprising:

a moving support having a support surface with the first surface of the web supported adjacent the support surface and the second surface of the web facing away from the support surface;

at least one air deflector for stripping away at least a portion of the boundary layer from adjacent the second surface of the web prior to applying the flow of cooling gas there against;

at least one orifice in flow communication with a cooling gas supply for applying a flow of cooling gas against the second surface of the web in order to cause a gas pressure to be exerted against the second surface;

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a vacuum chamber associated with the support surface for exerting a vacuum force against the first surface of the web supported adjacent the support surface wherein the vacuum force is sufficient to withdraw high temperature gas and/or vapor from at least pores adjacent the first surface of the web into the vacuum chamber and wherein the vacuum force is exerted adjacent a location on said first surface substantially opposed to the location at which the pressure force is maintained adjacent said second surface in order to promote a flow of gas through the web from adjacent the second to adjacent the first surface and into the vacuum chamber; and

a moistening device configured to moisten the web adjacent to the moving support
wherein the moistening device comprises a plurality of steam nozzles adjacent to the second
surface of the web which results in steam condensation on the second surface of the web and
within an interior region of the web.

28. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 27 wherein the moving support comprise a rotating cylinder having a cylindrical perforated surface defining the support surface thereof providing flow communication between the exterior of the cylinder and the interior of the cylinder by flow of gas through the perforations, with the perforated cylindrical surface supporting the first surface of the web adjacent at least a portion of the perforated surface, said vacuum chamber being disposed within said rotating cylinder closely adjacent the portion of the perforated surface adjacent which the first surface of the web is supported so that high temperature gas and/or vapor withdrawn from the web by the vacuum force pass through perforations in the perforated surface and into the vacuum chamber.

29. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 27 further comprising at least one nozzle in flow

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communication with a cooling gas for cooling the support surface.

30. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 28 wherein the moving support further includes an endless porous support fabric carried on the support surface between the support surface and the first surface of the web so that gas and/or vapor withdrawn from the web passes through the support fabric and then into the perforations in the cylinder.

31. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 27 further comprising at least one nozzle for applying a pressurized gas directed substantially tangential to the second surface of the web and substantially opposite to the web travel direction and upstream of the moving support.

32. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 27 further comprising at least one nozzle for applying a flow of a second cooling gas directed substantially tangential to the second surface of the web and along the web travel direction adjacent to and downstream of the moving support so that at least a portion of the second cooling gas develops a boundary layer of cool gas carried adjacent the second surface of the web.

33. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 27 further comprising a moistening gas source for applying moist gas to the web adjacent to and downstream of the moving support to increase the moisture content of the web.

34. (Currently amended) The apparatus of Claim 32 wherein the ~~moistening gas source~~ comprises a plurality of steam nozzles supported in close proximity to the second surface of the web and connected in flow communication with a source of steam for delivering steam against the second surface of the web ~~through the nozzles so as to cause~~ causes the steam to condense on the second surface of the web and be absorbed by within an interior region of the web.

35. (Original) The apparatus of Clam 27 wherein the flow of cooling gas and the vacuum

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chamber in conjunction with the web's porosity are sufficient to cause a flow of gas through the web from adjacent the second to adjacent the first surface.

36. (New) The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising a source of vacuum configured against the first web surface and opposite of the steam nozzle such that the web travels between the source of vacuum and the steam nozzle.

37. (New) The apparatus of claim 27 further comprising a source of vacuum configured against the first web surface and opposite of the steam nozzle such that the web travels between the source of vacuum and the steam nozzle.